

City of Richmond
City of El Cerrito
City of Albany
City of Berkeley
City of Emeryville
City of Oakland
Caltrans
StopWaste.org

The San Francisco Estuary Partnership SAN PABLO AVENUE GREEN STORMWATER SPINE PROJECT

August 1st, 2012

[nev-ū-non]









Key Personnel



Jeff Peterson, Principal

Brandon Davis, Project Manager Lead

Nevue Ngan Associates

Kevin Robert Perry, Green Street Specialist

QUADRIGA

landscape architecture and planning, inc. s a c r a m e n t o | s a n t a r o s a

Bill Mastick, Principal

John Suesens, Project Manager

San Pablo Avenue Stormwater Spine

Initial Thoughts and Stormwater Approach









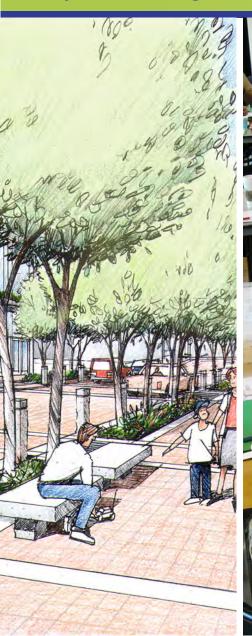








Project Visioning, Outreach, Implementation, and Construction Assistance





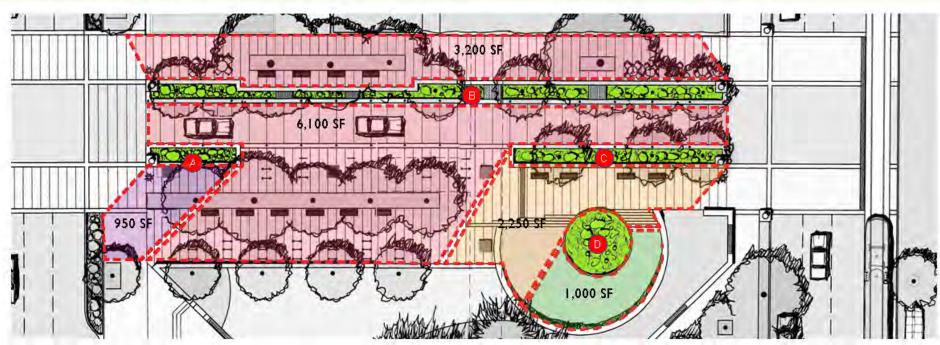




High level of preliminary investigation

APPENDIX A:

STORMWATER ALLOCATION . SW BROADWAY TO SW 6TH AVENUE



Catchment Area	A
Catchment Area	Ð
Catchment Area	
Catchment Area	5]

Contributing Impervious Area (IA)	Stormwater Planter Area	Percentage Landscape to IA*	Additional Capacity**		
950 SF	140 SF	16%	650 SF		
9,300 SF	760 SF	8%	0 SF		
2,250 SF	350 SF	16%	1,800 SF		
1000 SF	400 SF	40%	3,650 SF		

This percentage uses the BES Simplified Approach of a ratio between impervious area catchment and stormwater facility size. The minimum simplified sizing percentage is 6% for a stormwater planter based on the 2008 Stormwater Management Management

Additional capacity looks at how much additional impervious area can be potentially managed in a 10-year storm event based on using the BES Presumptive Approach Calculator (PAC).

Utilize the "Toobox" to Stormwater Management

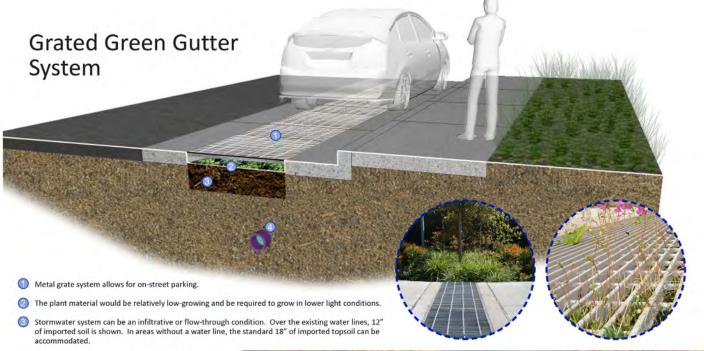


Introduce New Tools Unique to San Pablo Avenue



Green Infrastructure Leadership

Introduce New Tools Unique to San Pablo Avenue



Surface Green Gutter System

Existing water lines can be accommodated in the design.



- Multiple pedestrian bridges across the green gutter would be needed to provide adequate pedestrian flow across the street.
- The green gutter system is a functional landscape area used to clean and absorb stormwater runoff. Providing a high-density spacing of trees, shrubs, and groundcovers maximizes the ability for plant roots to clean pollutants and absorb runoff.
- There is a maximum grade change of 6-inches from the walking surface to the finish grade of the green gutter. This simple design approach eliminates the typical need for a perimeter curb around the landscape and still allows for adequate pedestrian safety.

Respect Future Development and Planning Potential



Develop a Maintenance Approach Early the Process



Logus Road Green Street

Residents' Landscape Maintenance Plan ~ 2009

What is the Logus Road Green Street?

The Logus Road Green Street utilizes several strategies to capture, slow, filter, and infiltrate stormwater runoff from Logus Road and driveways. This green street retrofit project demonstrates how streets can be designed (or re-designed) to provide environmental benefits through on-site stormwater management. The project utilizes a series of stormwater planters, stormwater curb extensions, and pervious concrete sidewalks to achieve full on-site stormwater management on the southern half of Logus Road from Stanley Avenue to SE 49th Street. Approximately 20,000 square feet of runoff is directed into a series of stormwater facilities and is managed on-site using a landscaped approach.

The stormwater planters (aka, rain gardens) were constructed by the City of Milwaukie for a number of purposes. As with a traditional sidewalk planter strip, the new stormwater planters provide a horizontal separation between the street and the sidewalk zone and provide visual interest to the street. In addition, the stormwater planters allow for storage, treatment, and infiltration of street runoff.

The City of Milwaukie has planned for a 5-year establishment period for the landscape maintenance of stormwater facilities along Logus Road. The private contractor that installed the plantings will visit Logus Road regularly to perform weeding, plant trimming, plant replacement, mulching, as well as provide supplemental summer irrigation. The City of Milwaukie will be responsible for removing sediment accumulation with the stormwater facilities on an as needed basis. The residents along Logus Road are also asked to perform minor on-going maintenance responsibilities which is further described in this maintenance plan.

The following outlines the responsibilities of residents during the 5-year establishment period. After the 5-year establishment period, some of the plant maintenance responsibilities will be turned over to Logus Road residents. The City will continue to remove sediment from the rain gardens, as necessary, but the City does not anticipate extending the plant maintenance contract. However, after allowing the new plantings a 5-year establishment period, most of the plants will have reached maturity and the level of maintenance, trimming, and weeding should be significantly reduced.

Taking Care of the Green Street

The Planting Design

The plants selected for the Logus Road rain gardens are predominately evergreen and grow under three feet in height. Evergreen plants tend to grow slower and have greater drought tolerance; both characteristics will help reduce maintenance efforts. In addition, these plants help provide an evergreen "structure" to the perimeter of each stormwater facility and the help provide a visual separation between the street and the sidewalk zone. Rushes and grass-like were also planted within because their stiff structure will help slow water flow and their root zones are excellent for water absorption. The plants used in the Logus Road rain gardens are shown on the side bar on the opposite page.

Plant trimming

It is not necessary for residents to trim plants. If there is any trimming needed, the landscape contractor will be responsible for this effort.

The Rain Garden Plants



Nandina domestica 'Moon Bay'



irioto mucrari



'Microphylla'

Polystichum munitum



Juncus patens 'Elks Blue'



Weeding

For the initial 5-year establishment period of the rain gardens, the most significant landscape maintenance effort will be weeding. Weed control is included in the 5-year establishment contract, however, additional weeding by residents is encouraged and will improve the appearance of the rain gardens and limit, the spread of nuisance plants. The plant material placed within the rain gardens is of a reasonably high enough density, but weeds will, of course, undoubtedly grow. Because the rain gardens are used to cleanse water runoff of pollutants and toxics, under no circumstances should chemical pesticides be used to control weeds. It is desirable that the rain gardens be hand-weeded as much as possible to keep them thriving. Once the desired plants have matured, this weeding frequency can most likely be reduced.

Mulching and Fertilizing

It is not necessary for residents to mulch the rain gardens. The initial 3" application of compost during construction should maintain plant needs for several years. No chemical or natural fertilizers are necessary.

Supplemental Irrigation

The contractor is required to provide supplemental watering during the summer months of the establishment period. It is anticipated that the landscape areas will not need additional summer water after the establishment period except in the most extreme heat conditions.

Removal of Dead Vegetation and Replacement Material

If there are instances of dead plants or plants displaying lack of vigor, please contact the City of Milwaukie so they can determine the cause and find a suitable replacement. If residents wish to add plant material to the stormwater facilities, they may do so as long as they are a nuisance plant variety, are relatively drought and wet tolerant, and do not grow over 3' tall (to maintain site visibility). Many varieties of sedges, rushes, shrubs, and perennials conform to these requirements. Ask you local plant nursery for specific recommendations.

Pervious Sidewalks

The City will periodically vacuum and/or flush the pervious concrete sidewalks, as necessary, to ensure that rainwater continues to pass through the sidewalk. Residents are encouraged to sweep or clear their sections of sidewalk, particularly during the fall season when leaves accumulate, to prevent rainwater runoff from the sidewalks

Maintenance Responsibilities

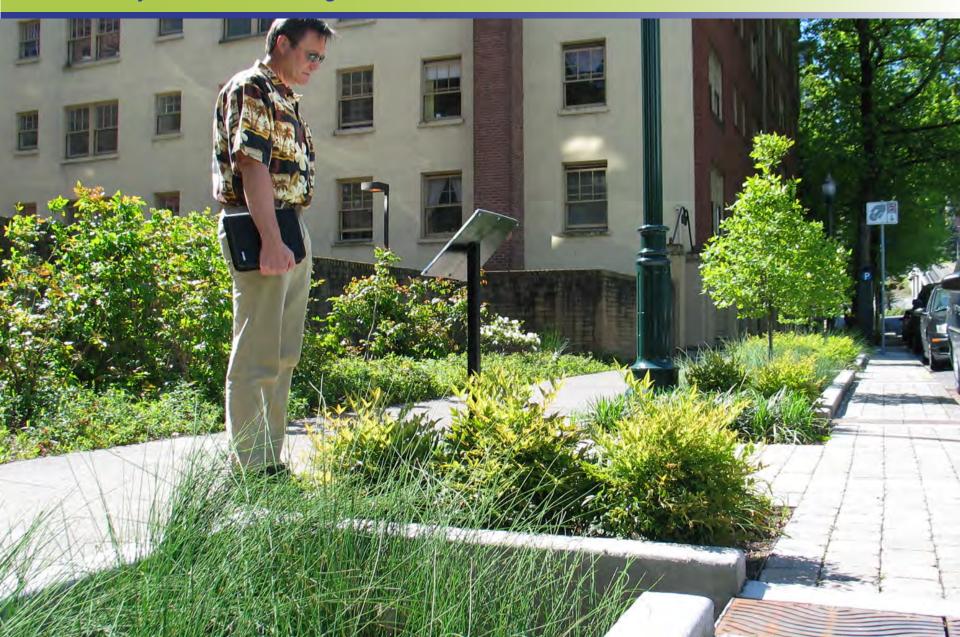
The following charts illustrate the basic green street maintenance responsibilities residents are asked to fulfill during the 5-year establishment period.

TASKS	Calendar Year											
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec
Weeding (recommended)		1.5	-									100
Plant Addition (if desired)												
Sweeping (recommended)	1											-
Incidental Trash Removal												

Contact Information

For additional information about this landscape maintenance plan or other questions about the Logus Road Green Street, please contact Alex Campbell, City of Milwaukie, (503) 786-7608 or email at Campbell A@ci.milwaukie.or.us

Create Projects That Have High Demonstration Value

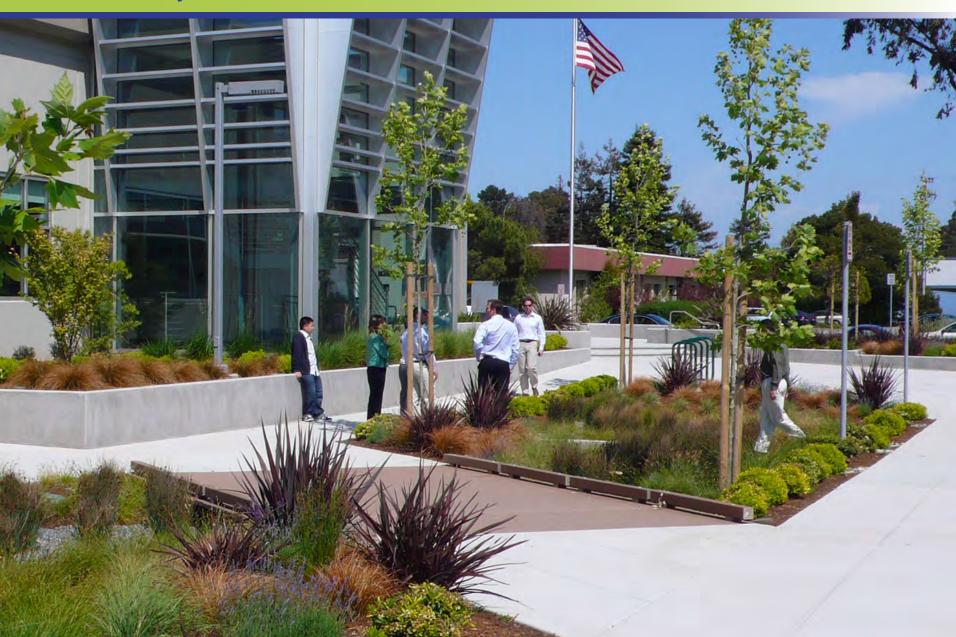












Make it Pedestrian Friendly



Make it Pedestrian Friendly



Capitalize on Multiple Opportunities



Green Street Opportunity	San Pablo	Richmond	El Cerrito	Albany	Berkeley	Emeryville	Oakland
Shared street and parking lot facilities							
Stormwater canopies at transit stops							
Manage parking lot and/or building runoff							
Create a better pedestrian environment							
Rearrange parking to yield landscape space							
Project site is near local creeks							
Project site is near potential development							

Shared stormwater facilities with parking lots and San Pablo Avenue



Shared stormwater facilities with parking lots and San Pablo Avenue

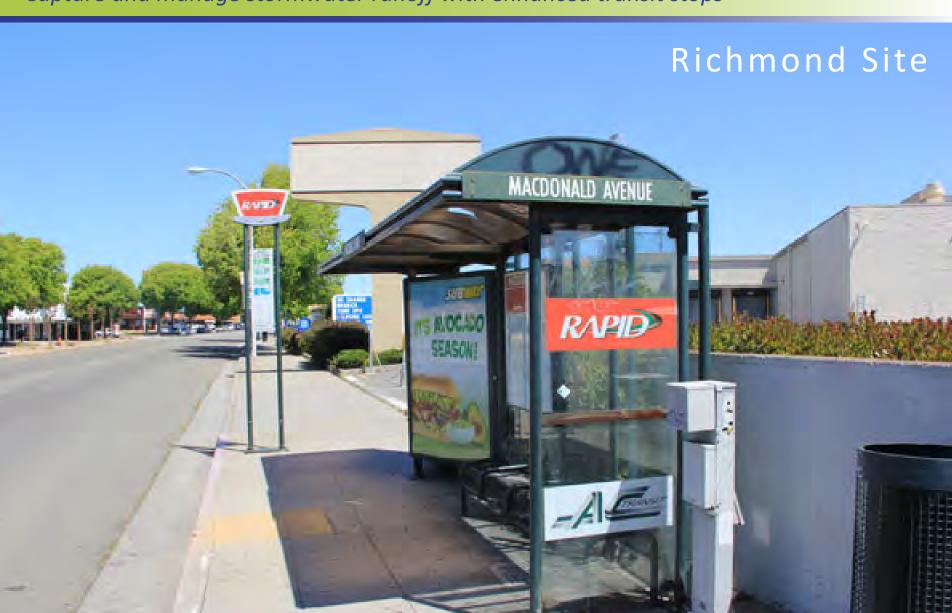


Shared stormwater facilities with parking lots and San Pablo Avenue



Oregon Sustainability Center Portland, Oregon

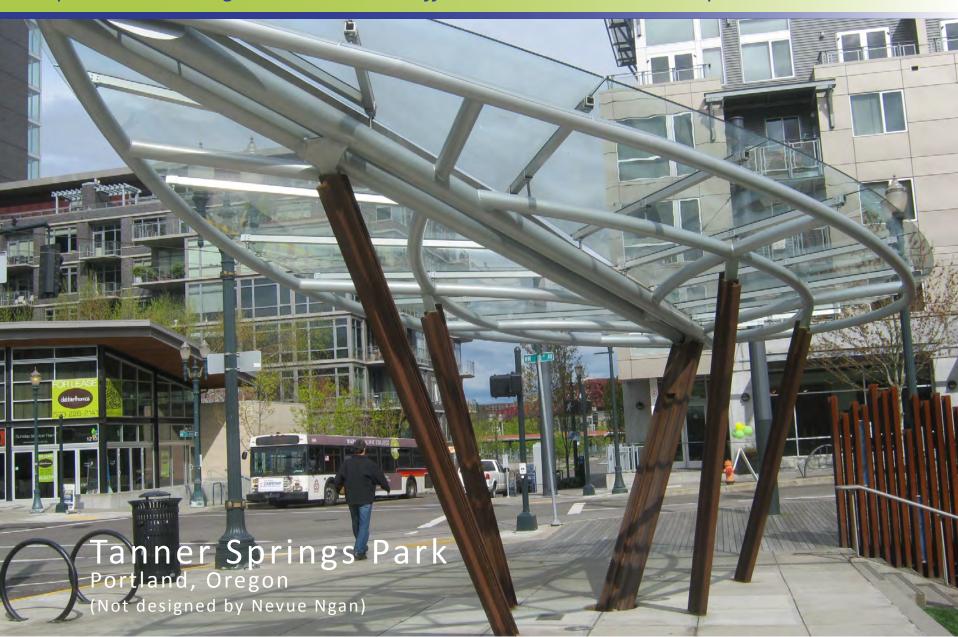
Capture and manage stormwater runoff with enhanced transit stops



Capture and manage stormwater runoff with enhanced transit stops



Capture and manage stormwater runoff with enhanced transit stops



Manage rooftop and parking lot stormwater along San Pablo Avenue



Manage rooftop and parking lot stormwater along San Pablo Avenue



Manage rooftop and parking lot stormwater along San Pablo Avenue



Create a better and "greener" pedestrian environment



Create a better and "greener" pedestrian environment



Create a better and "greener" pedestrian environment

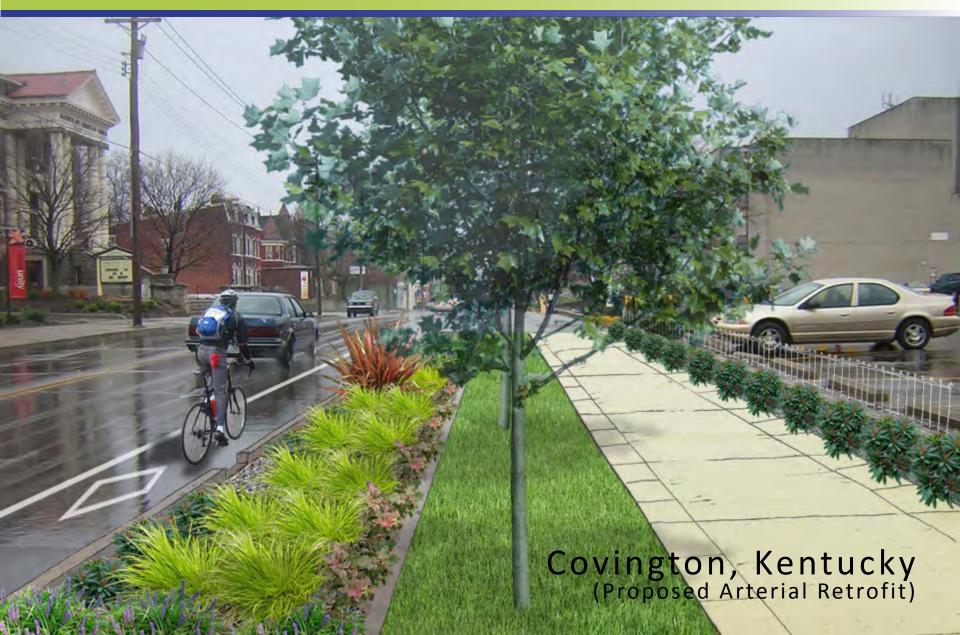




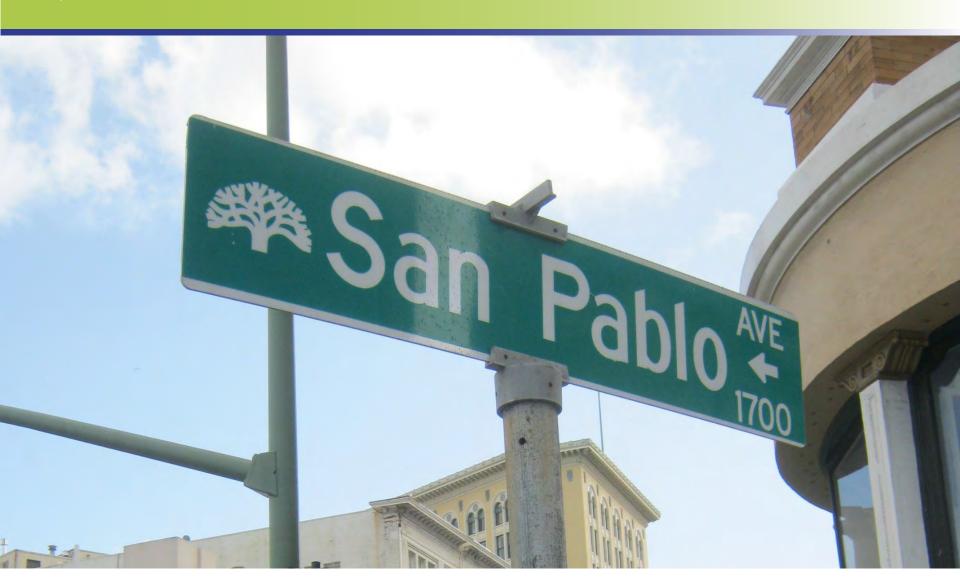








Questions and Answers



[nev-ū-non]



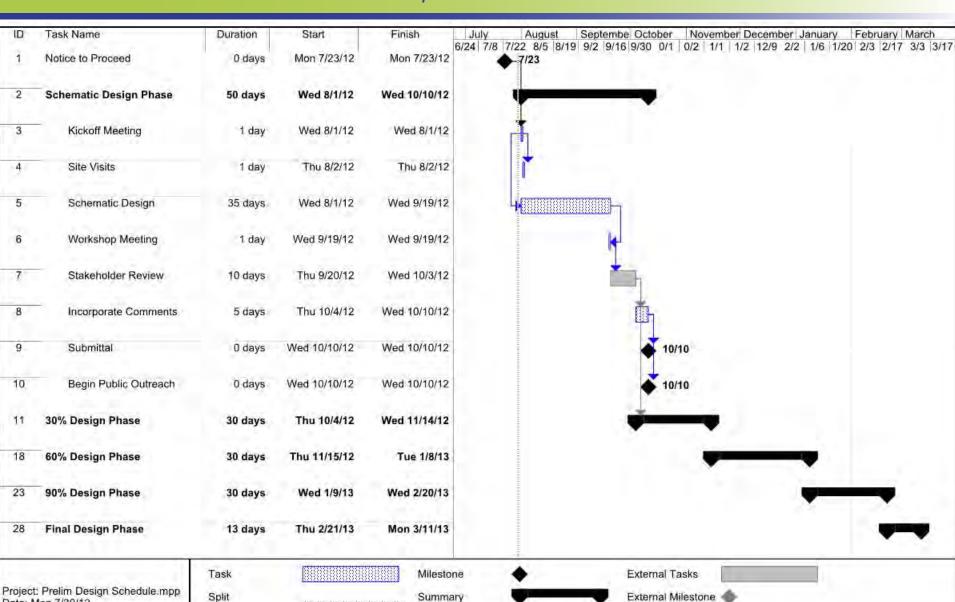




San Pablo Avenue Green Stormwater Spine

Progress

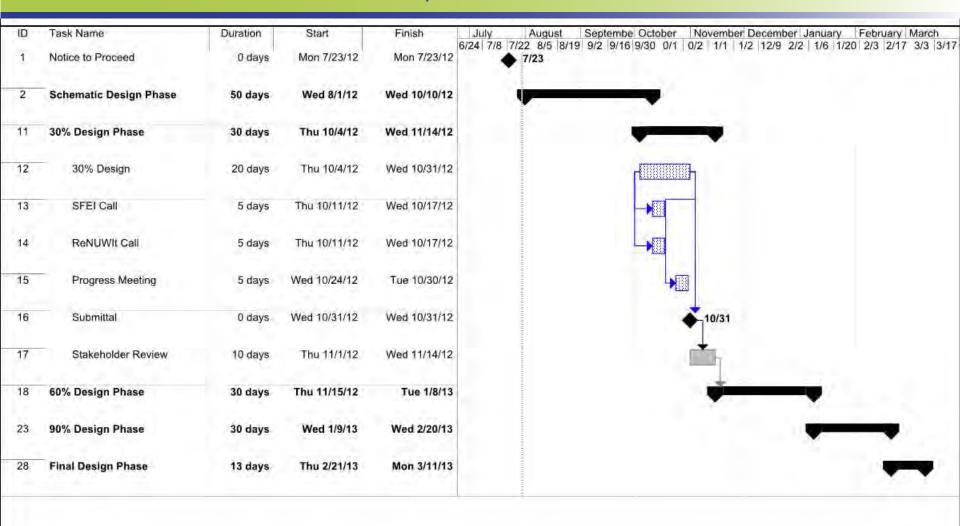
Date: Mon 7/30/12



Project Summary

Deadline

San Pablo Avenue Green Stormwater Spine







Milestone

Summary

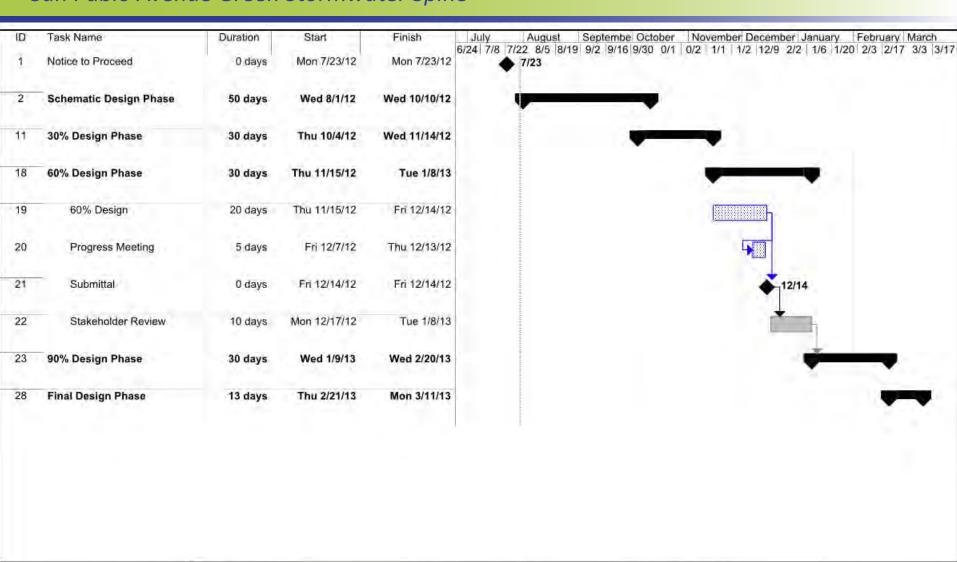
Project Summary

External Tasks

External Milestone

Deadline

San Pablo Avenue Green Stormwater Spine



Project: Prelim Design Schedule:mpp Date: Mon 7/30/12



Summary

Project Summary

External Tasks

External Milestone

Deadline

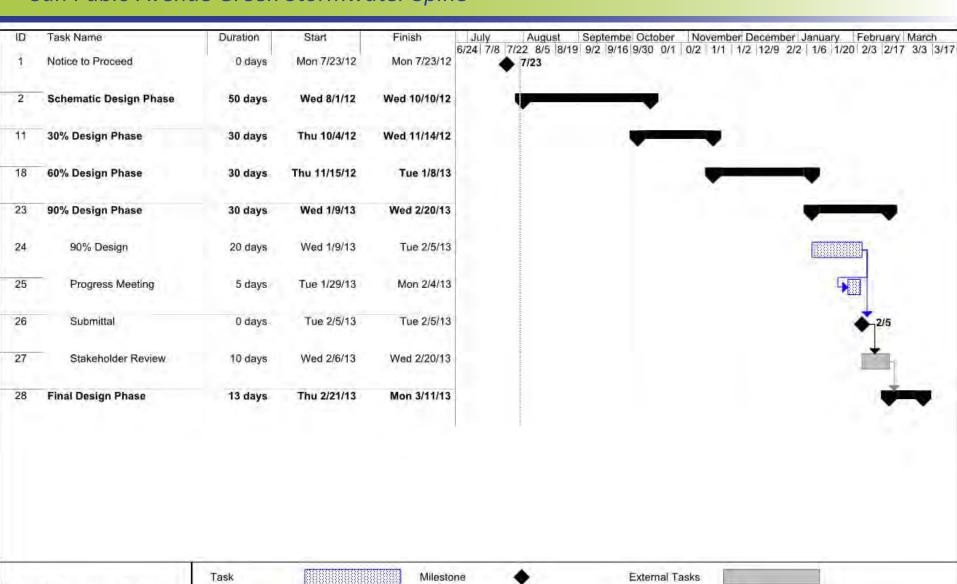
San Pablo Avenue Green Stormwater Spine

Project: Prelim Design Schedule.mpp

Date: Mon 7/30/12

Split

Progress



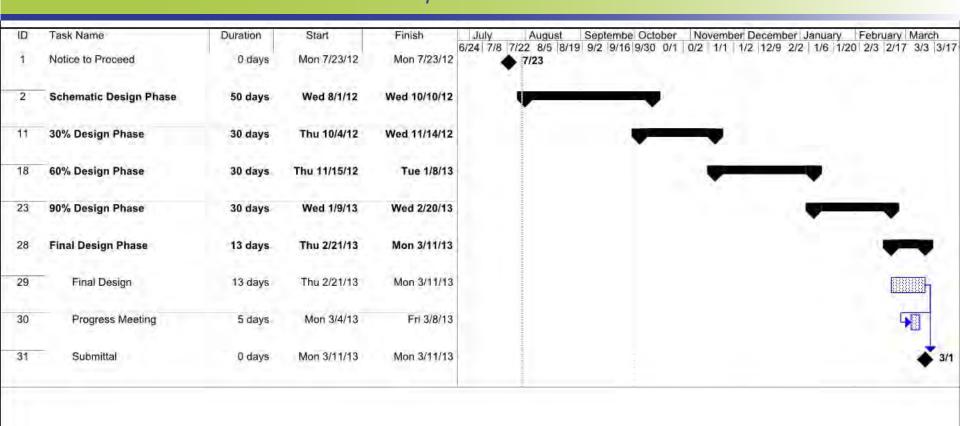
Summary

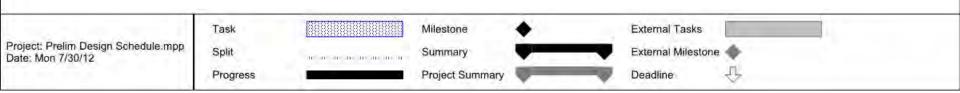
Project Summary

External Milestone

Deadline

San Pablo Avenue Green Stormwater Spine





Site Visits

San Pablo Avenue Green Stormwater Spine

Wednesday 8/1

9:30 am 10:30 am Oakland site visit

11:00 am 12:00 pm Emeryville site visit

4:00 pm – 5:00 pm (or at close of Kick-off) Albany Site Visit

Thursday 8/2

8:30 am - 9:30 am Berkeley site visit

10:00 am - 11:00 am El Cerrito site visit

11:30 am - 12:30 pm Richmond site visit

1:00 pm - 2:00 pm San Pablo site visit

Data/Information Needed

San Pablo Avenue Green Stormwater Spine

- Record Information
 - Improvement plans
 - Utility plans: Drainage maps, other facilities
 - Studies/Reports: Geotechnical, hydrology, hydraulics
 - Mapping
- Design Standards
 - Ordinance
 - Standard Details
 - Specifications
 - Bay Friendly Landscaping